

SWATH-MS, Ion Mobility and LC-MS for lipidomics

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SWATH-MS
(Sequential Window Acquisition of all Theoretical-Mass Spectra)
(in Triple-TOF system)

MSMS^{ALL}- Data-independent workflow with a capability of acquiring high resolution MS/MS data for all detectable ions (*m/z* 200-1200) in a single run (6 min)

High speed, high resolution, sensitive detection and accuracy are crucial for lipid analysis

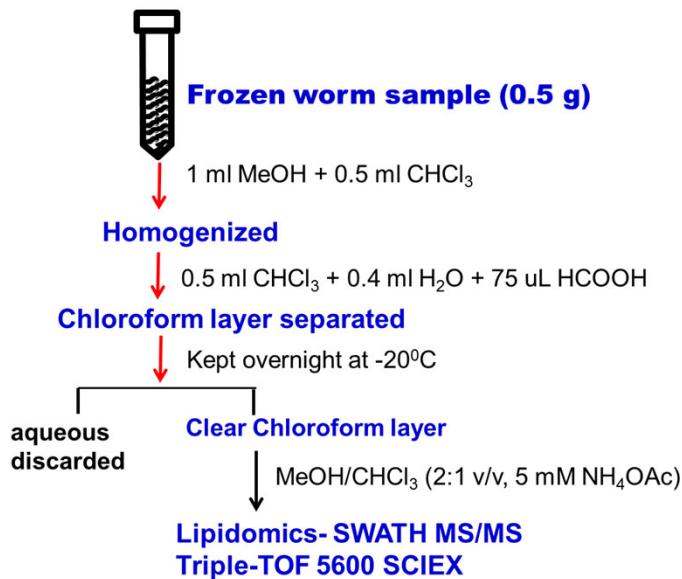
Sciex 5600 Triple-TOF

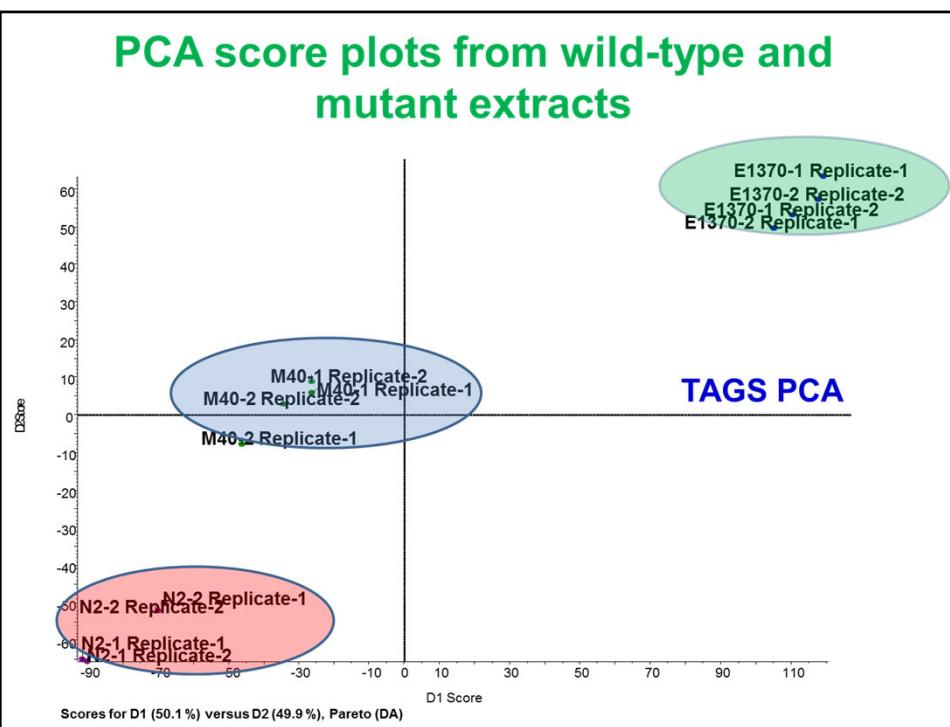
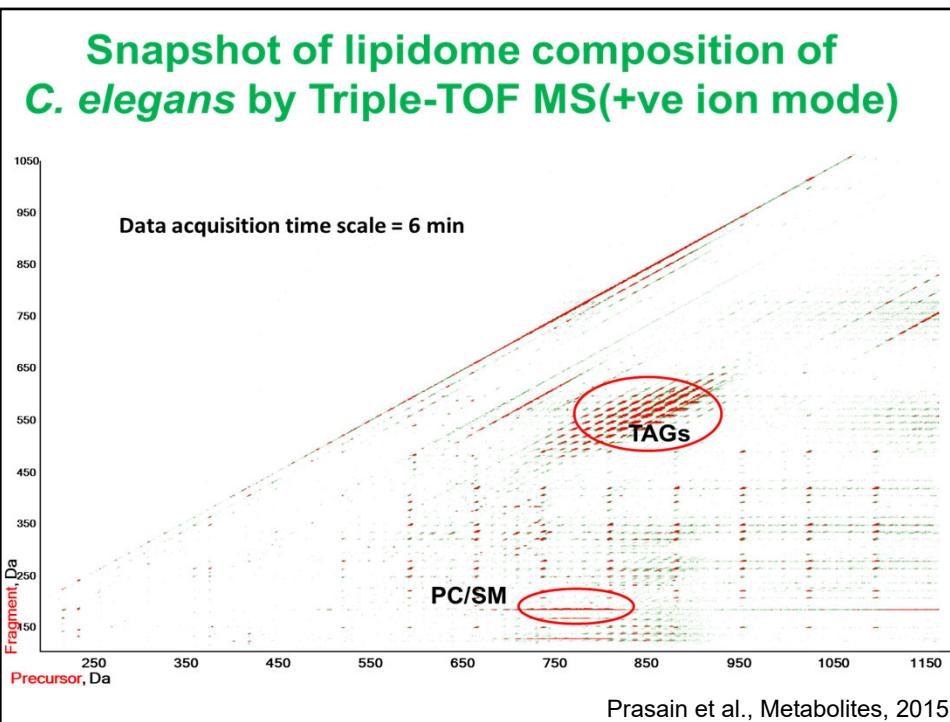
- Over 30,000 mass resolution
- <5 ppm mass accuracy
- Very fast acquisition of MSMS spectra (10 ms)
- Precursor and neutral loss analyses are possible performed post hoc



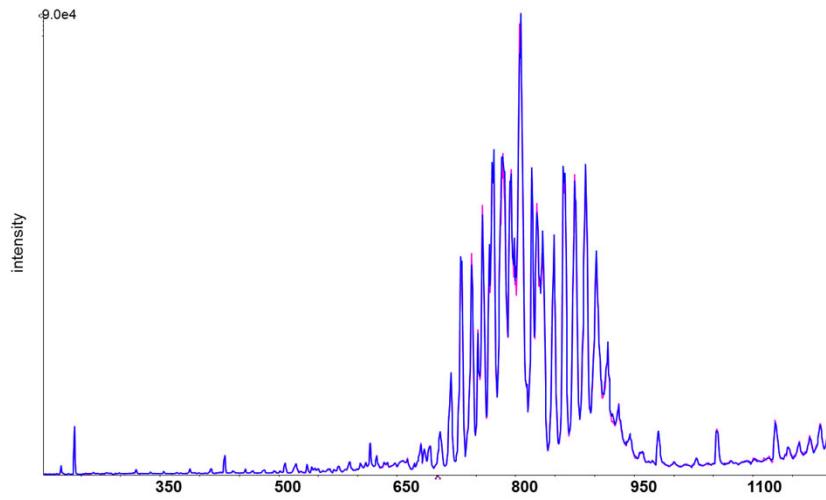
AB Sciex Triple TOF 5600

Extraction of lipids and analysis



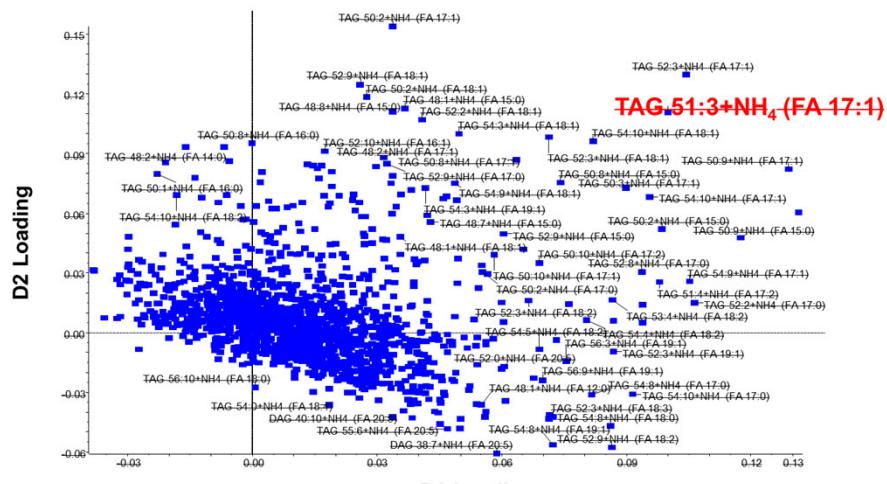


Reproducibility of two replicates of wild type worm extracts in terms of TIC



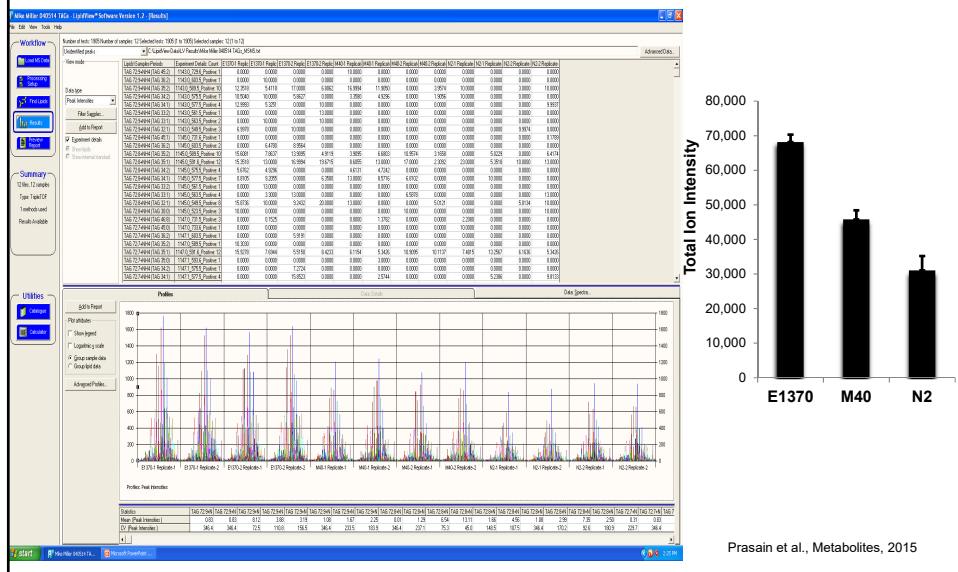
Prasain et al. Metabolites, 2015

TAGs for the separation of mutants and wild-type *C. elegans*



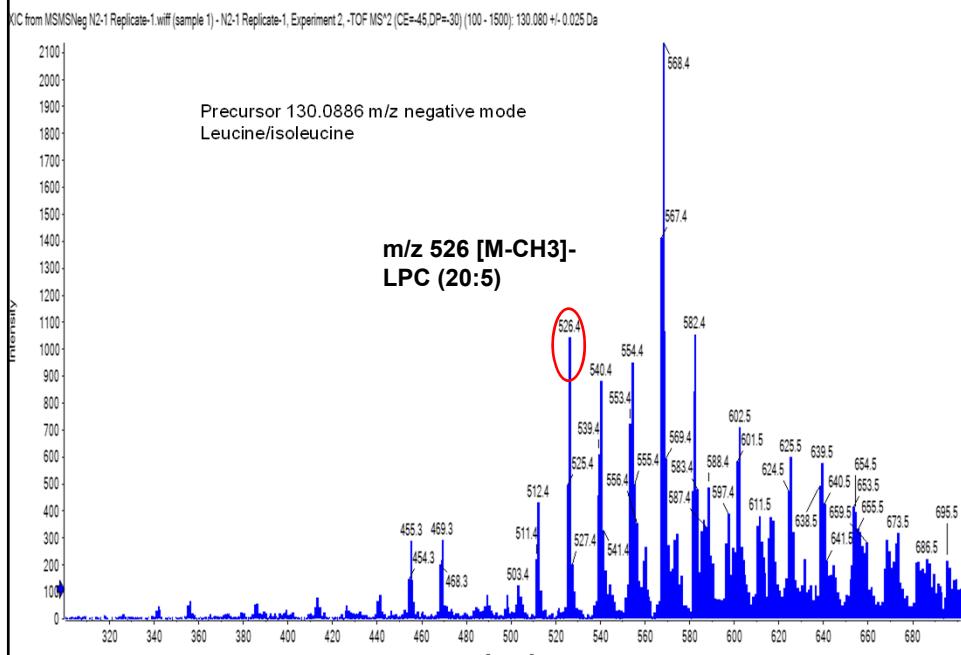
Loadings for D1 (50.0%) versus D2 (50.0%), Pareto (DA)

Total TAGs in mutants were higher than in wild-type extracts

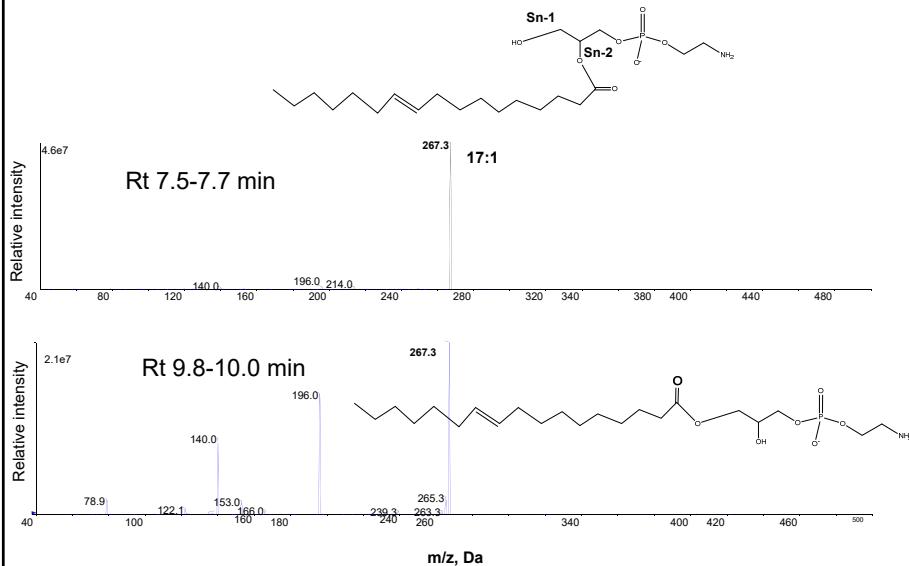


Prasain et al., Metabolites, 2015

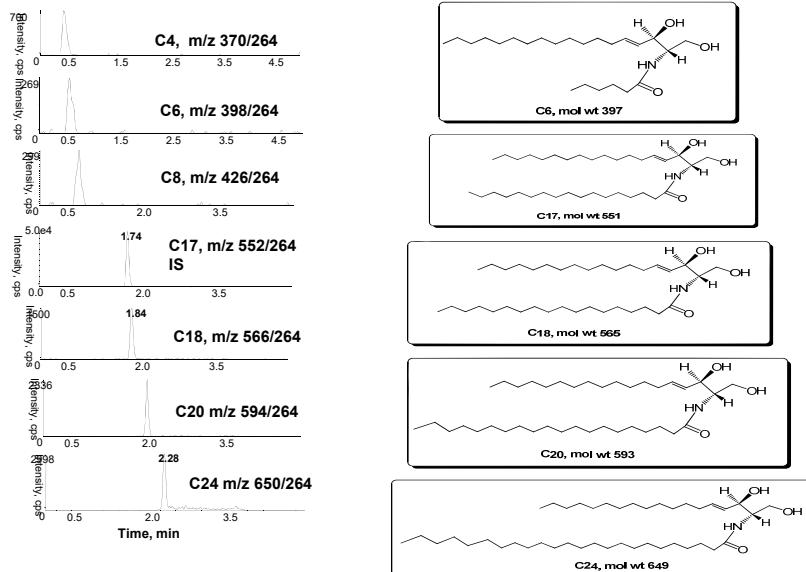
Overlapping isobaric peaks- direct infusion lipidomics



Regioisomeric LPEs m/z 464, distinguished by MS/MS and RT

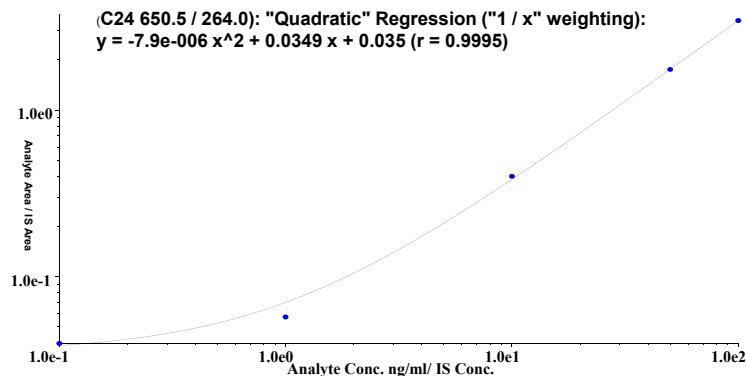


MRM chromatograms showing simultaneous determination of ceramides (C4-C24)

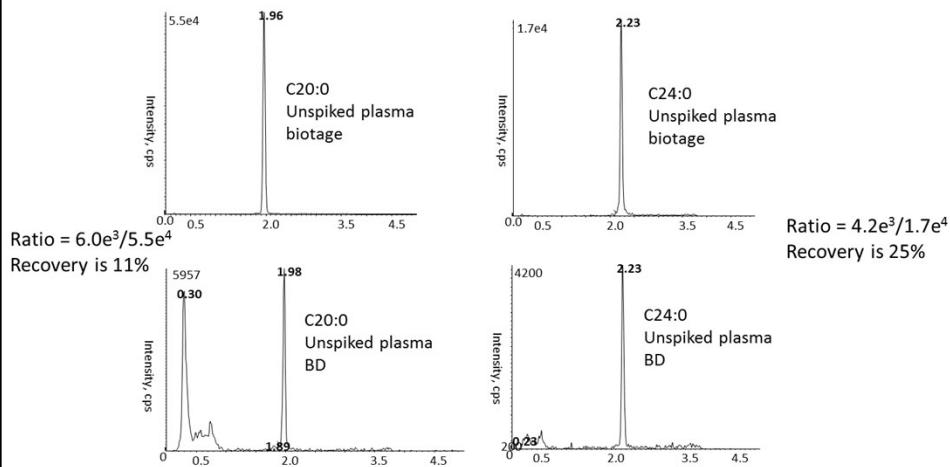


A linear response for Cer C24:0 was observed over a range of 0.1-100 ng/ml with correlation coefficient greater than 0.99

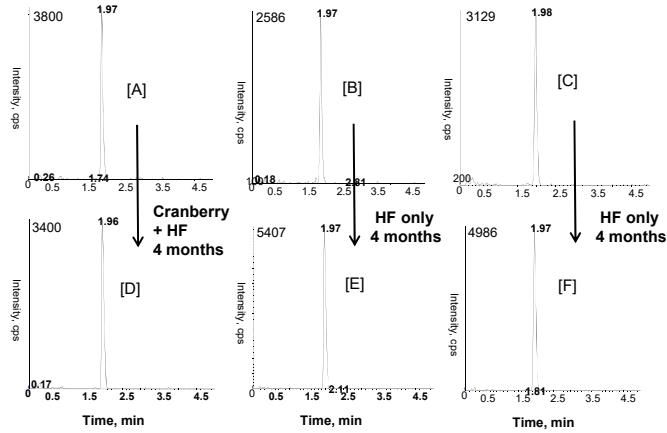
Sample Name	Analyte Peak Name	Calculated Concentration (ng/mL)	Accuracy (%)
Ceramide Standard 100 ng/ml	C24 650.5 / 264.0	100	100
Ceramide Standard 50 ng/ml	C24 650.5 / 264.0	49.8	99.6
Ceramide Standard 10 ng/ml	C24 650.5 / 264.0	10.5	105
Ceramide Standard 1 ng/ml	C24 650.5 / 264.0	0.634	63.4
Ceramide Standard 0.1 ng/ml	C24 650.5 / 264.0	0.132	132



**Sample preparation is a crucial step in quantitative analysis of ceramides;
Poor recoveries of non-polar ceramides in Bligh-Dyer (BD) liquid-liquid
extraction compared to Biotage (supported liquid extraction)**



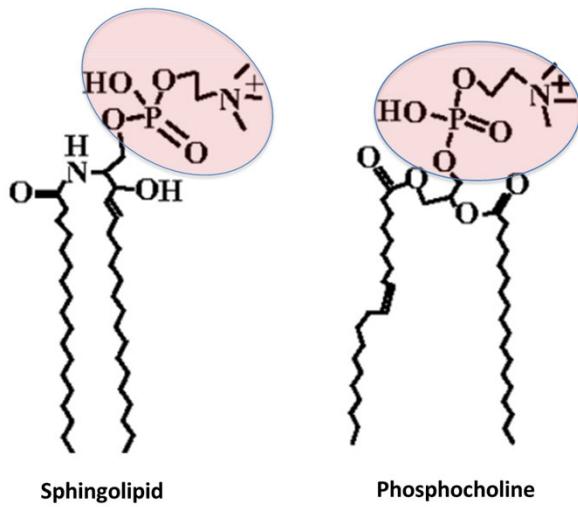
Cranberry fruit powder treatment reduced the HF induced increased levels of Ceramide C20 in rats



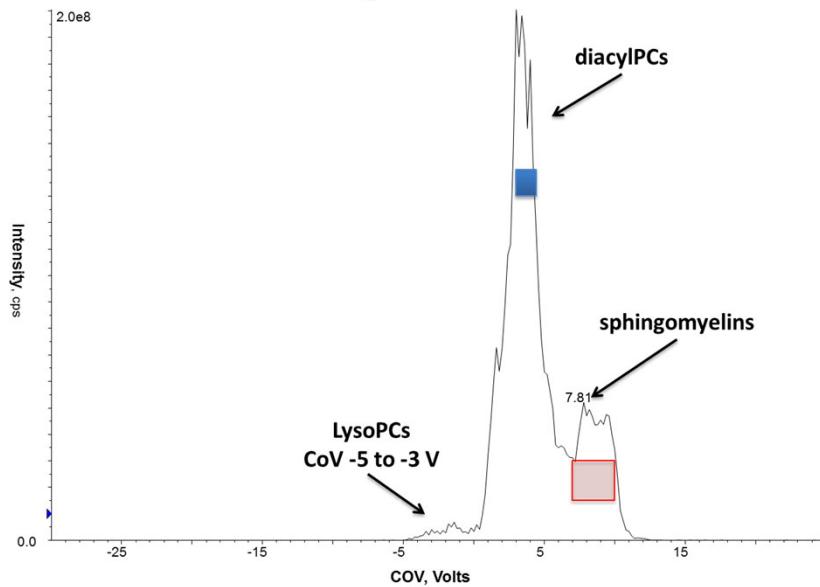
[A]-[C] represent base line plasma ceramide C20 (594/264) from three animals
 [D] after 4 months treatment with cranberry (1 g/kg b. w. and high fat diet)
 [E] & [F] after 4 months treatment with high fat diet only

The problem of analyzing lipids

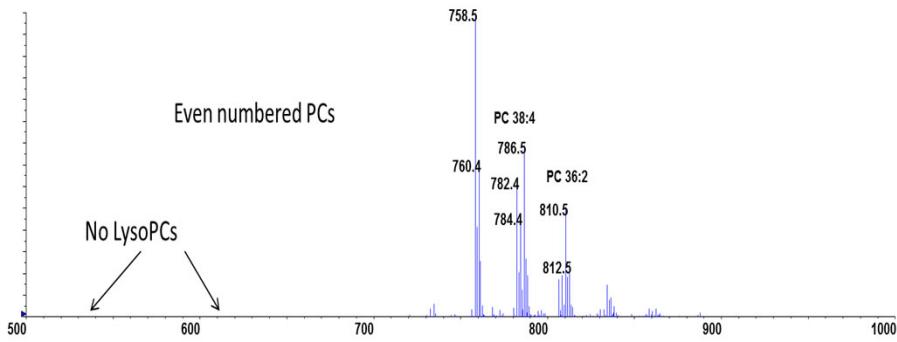
- Despite the sheer number of lipids, the units comprising them are closely related and therefore they have similar masses
- Sphingolipids may only be different in mass by 1 Da from their PC analog
 - ¹³C-Isotope profiles overlap
 - Head groups are the same



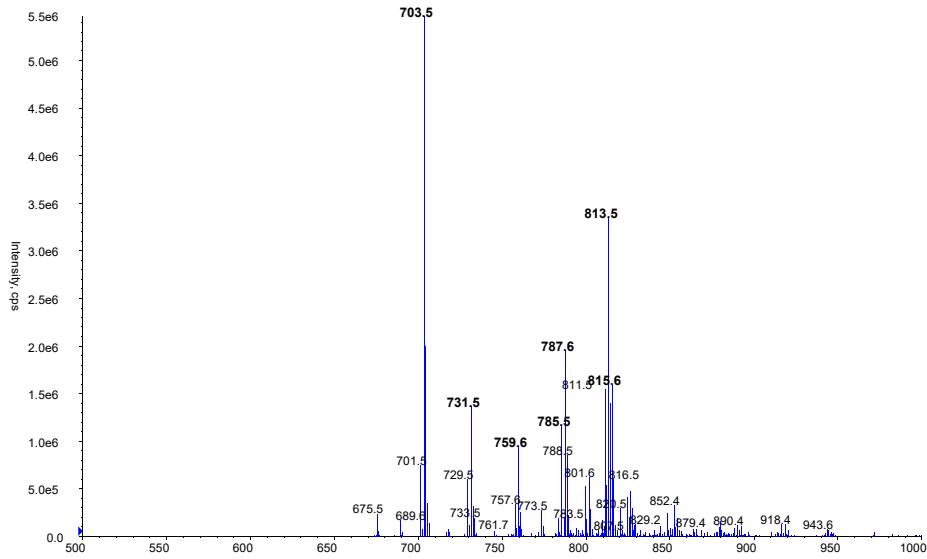
Total ion current of precursors of m/z 184.0 Using Selexion



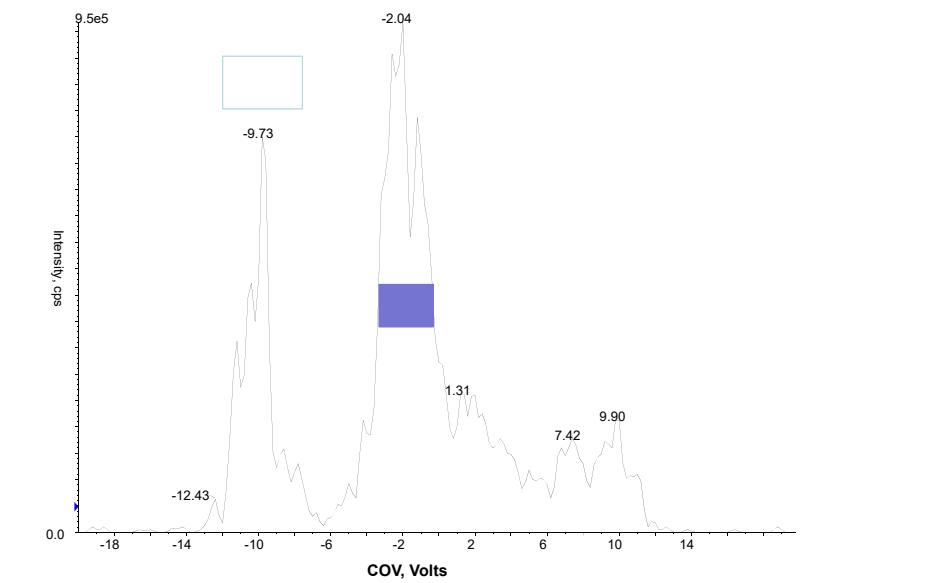
Precursors of m/z 184.0 (CoV from 3.0 to 3.6 V)



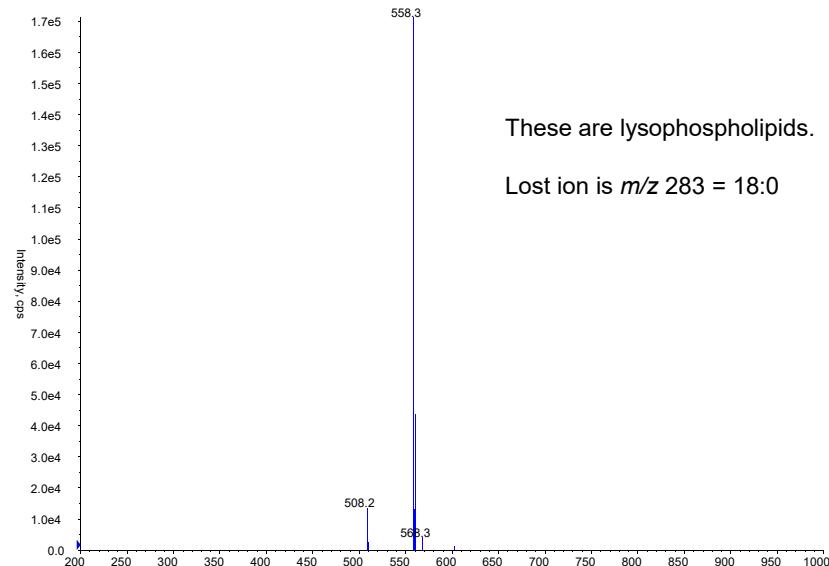
Precursors of m/z 184.0 (CoV from 7.8 to 10.0 V)
Sphingomyelins are well separated from PCs



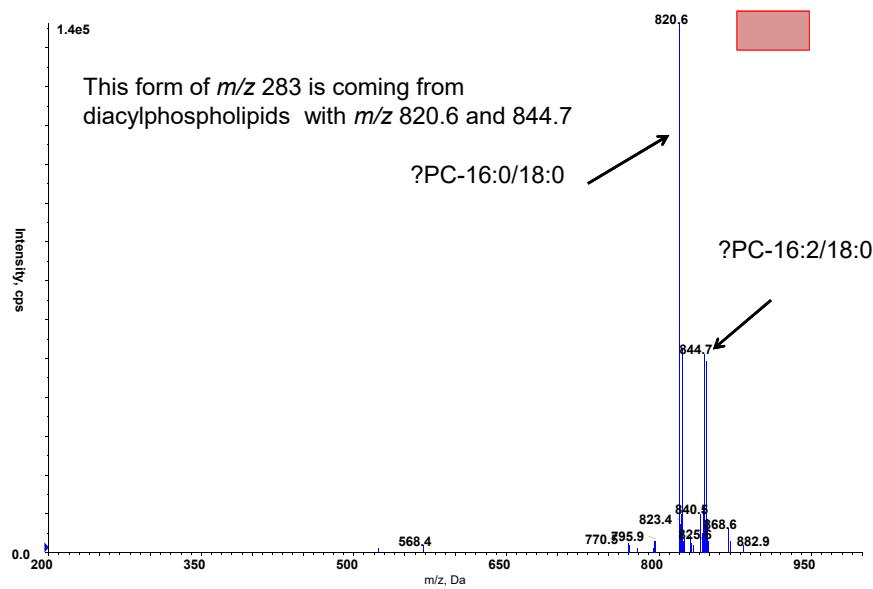
TIC of Precursors of m/z 283.0 (18:0)
Separation of lipids with FA 283 in negative ion mode



Precursors of m/z 283.0 – CoV from -11.8 to -8.6 V



Precursors of m/z 283.0 CoV from -3.4 to -0.4 Volts



Conclusions

- **Shotgun lipidomics approaches are high throughput and applicable to perform profiling as well as quantitative analysis of various lipids in biological samples.**
- **Identification of phospholipids at a molecular level present a great challenge due to their structural diversity and dynamic metabolism.**
- **Differential ion mobility is useful for reducing or separating isobaric interferences**
- **A rapid five minute liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS) method operating in multiple reaction ion monitoring mode (MRM) was developed for identification and simultaneous quantification of six ceramides.**